



स्वामी रामानंद तीर्थ
मराठवाडा विद्यापीठ, नांदेड

॥ सा विद्या या विमुक्तये ॥
स्वामी रामानंद तीर्थ मराठवाडा विद्यापीठ, नांदेड
'ज्ञानतीर्थ', विष्णुपुरी, नांदेड - ४३१ ६०६ (महाराष्ट्र राज्य) भारत
SWAMI RAMANAND TEERTH MARATHWADA UNIVERSITY, NANDED

'Dnyanteerth', Vishnupuri, Nanded - 431 606 (Maharashtra State) INDIA

Established on 17th September, 1994, Recognized By the UGC U/s 2(f) and 12(B), NAAC Re-accredited with 'B++' grade

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प्रस्तुत विद्यापीठातील मानवविज्ञान
विद्याशाखेतील पदवीस्तरावरील BA.
LL.B. I year व LL.B. I year / LLB
III year या वर्षांचे सुधारित
अभ्यासक्रम शैक्षणिक वर्ष २०२२-२३
पासून लागू करण्याबाबत.

प रि प त्र क

या परिपत्रकान्वये सर्व संबंधितांना कळविण्यात येते की, प्रस्तुत विद्यापीठातील मानवविज्ञान विद्याशाखेतील पदवी स्तरावरील BA. LL.B. I year व LL.B. I year / BA. LLB III year या अभ्यासक्रमाचे सुधारित Syllabus शैक्षणिक वर्ष २०२२-२३ पासून लागू करण्याच्या दृष्टीने मा. कुलगुरू महोदयांनी मा. विद्यापरिषदेच्या मान्यतेच्या अधीन राहून मान्यता दिलेली आहे. त्यानुसार BA. LL.B. I year व LL.B. I year / BA. LLB III year या वर्षांचे सुधारित अभ्यासक्रम लागू करण्यात येत आहेत.

सदरील परिपत्रक व अभ्यासक्रम प्रस्तुत विद्यापीठाच्या www.srtmun.ac.in या संकेतस्थळावर उपलब्ध आहेत. तरी सदरील बाब ही सर्व संबंधितांच्या निदर्शनास आणून द्यावी.

जा.क्र.:शैक्षणिक-१/परिपत्रक/पदवी विधीअसु/२०२२-२३/६३५

C. J. J.
सहा.कुलसचिव
शैक्षणिक (१-अभ्यासमंडळ)
विभाग

दिनांक : ०२.११.२०२२

प्रत माहिती व पुढील कार्यवाहीस्तव :

- १) मा. अधिष्ठाता मानवविज्ञान विद्याशाखा, यांचे कार्यालय, प्रस्तुत विद्यापीठ.
- २) मा. संचालक, परीक्षा व मूल्यमापन मंडळ यांचे कार्यालय, प्रस्तुत विद्यापीठ.
- ३) प्राचार्य, सर्व संबंधित संलग्नित महाविद्यालये, प्रस्तुत विद्यापीठ.
- ४) अधीक्षक, परीक्षा विभाग मानवविज्ञान विद्याशाखा प्रस्तुत विद्यापीठ.
- ४) सिस्टम एक्सपर्ट, शैक्षणिक विभाग, प्रस्तुत विद्यापीठ. यांना देवून कळविण्यात येते की, सदरील परिपत्रक संकेतस्थळावर प्रसिध्द करण्यात यावे.



To
Dr. S. N. Mahajan
Librarian
Revised Syllabus
4/11/22

Class: LL.B-I/B.A.LL.B III

Semester: II Academic Year 2022-2023

Paper no:- 6

Revised Syllabus of LL.B. I & BA LLB III (Second Semester) w.e.f.-2022-23

Paper-I Constitutional Law

This paper with the above-mentioned perspectives in view comprises 84 units.

Objectives of the Course:

To acquaint students with the history of the Constitution of India the Preamble and its importance

To make the students understand the concept of State and its responsibilities;

To acquaint students about fundamental rights and remedies against its violations;

To teach the concept of citizenship and its changing perspectives

Topic/subject	No. of Period
1. Brief Historical of Indian Constitution Perspective: 1. Constitutional Developments from 1858 to 1947 Morle Minto Reform - Dyarchy - Montague - Chelmsford Reforms, Rowlett Act. The Govt. of India Act, 1935; Sedition Trials of Tilak 2. Making of India's Constitution – Definition & concept of Constitution and Constitutionalism - Salient features - Constituent Assembly	7 Unit

<p>2. Preamble of Indian Constitution with case laws</p> <p>2. Secularism:</p> <p>1. Concept of Secularism - Indian Constitutional Provisions, Historical Perspective of Indian Secularism 2. Religion and State in India - State Control and non-interference with religion. Concept of Secularism: American Model - Separation of State - Church- Is it Relevant to India? Tradition in India -Equal Respect for all Religions 3. minority Rights why? scope- Meaning of Minority. 6. Minority Rights to Educational Institutions.</p> <p>3. Union & Territories-Art. 1-4</p>	<p>8 Unit</p>
<p>4. Citizenship</p> <p>1. Citizen's foreigners, non-resident Indians (NRI) 2. Modes of acquisition of Indian Citizenship under Our Constitution and also under the provisions of Citizenship Act, 1955 3. Loss of Indian Citizenship – kinds of Indian Citizenship with recent amendments</p>	<p>7 Unit</p>
<p>5. Fundamental Rights (Art. 12 to 35)</p> <p>Art. 12 State-With case laws</p> <p>1. Equality and Social Justice:</p> <p>1. Equality before the law and equal Protection of Law - Meaning - Constitutional provisions - total conspectus - Articles 14, 15, 16, 17, 18, 29 (2), 325, 2. Classification for Differential Treatment. 3. Gender Justice, Art. 15(1), (2), (3), 16, 29(2) 4. Administrative discretion and equality. 5. Compensatory Discrimination for Backward. Classes /SC and ST</p>	<p>10 Unit</p>
<p>6. Freedom and Social Control:</p> <p>1. Freedom of speech and expression 2. Freedom of the Press. 3. Freedom of speech and contempt of Court. 4. Freedom of Assembly 6. Freedom of Association. 6. Freedom of Movement 7. Freedom to Reside and Settle 8. Freedom of Profession/business, etc. 9. Property and social control 1950 to 1978. 10. Property and social control- After 1978,</p>	<p>15 Unit</p>

<p>6. Personal Liberty:</p> <p>1. Rights of an accused -Double Jeopardy 2. Right against self - incrimination. 3. Right against Retroactive Punishment 4. Right to life and Personal Liberty - Meaning of Art. 21. With land-mark judgements 6. Procedure established by law – A.K. Gopalan case, Kharak Singh, etc. cases 7. Procedure established by law - Due process - Maneka Gandhi and after 8. Preventive detention - constitutional Policy Art. 22. 9. Preventive detention - Safeguards under the Constitution.</p>	<p>10 Unit</p>
<p>7. Right Against Exploitation (Art. 23 & 24)</p> <p>8. Right to Religion (Art 25 to 28)</p> <p>9. Cultural and Education Rights (Art 29 to 30)</p> <p>10. Right to Property (Art 31 A to C)</p> <p>11. Right to Constitutional Remedies (Art 32 to 35)</p>	<p>10 Units</p>
<p>12. Directive Principles:</p> <p>1. Directive Principles - Reasons for Incorporation. 2. Directive Principles - Directions of Social Change - a new social order. 3. Fundamental Rights and Directive principles - Interrelationship - Judicial balancing. 4. Constitutional amendments - Art. 31 A, 31 B, and 31 C to strengthen Directive Principles. 5. Judicial Policy towards Directive Principles from Chamapakam to Minerva Mills. Case</p>	<p>10 Unit</p>
<p>13. Duties - Art 51 (A)</p> <p>1. Need and Status in the consist and set up 2. Interrelationship with Fundamental Rights. and Directive Principles of state policy.</p>	<p>7 Unit</p>

Note: Out of 84 units, 63 shall be for teaching and 21 for continuous assessment Course Outcome:

At the end of the course, a student will be able to understand:

CO1: Concept of 'State' in reference to fundamental rights.

CO2: The fundamental rights and the procedure for compliance of fundamental rights and Writ jurisdiction of Supreme Court and High Court under Articles 32 and 226.

CO3: The duty of State and the relationship between fundamental rights and directive principles.

CO 4: Ability to understand federalism, parliamentary form of government, emergency provisions, etc.

Co 5 Acquires knowledge about citizenship, fundamental duties, directive principles, etc.

Evaluation

21. There shall be a total assessment of 100 marks i.e. End Semester Exam (ESE) 75 Marks and a continuous assessment (CA) of 25.

22. For ESE, there shall be a theory paper of 75 marks containing 8 questions of equal marks - the 8th question shall be for writing short notes any 3 out of 5. The student has to attempt any 5 out of 8 questions.

23. For continuous assessment of 25 marks, two internal exams, one seminar, and the overall performance of students shall be considered. Continuous Assessments shall be made throughout the semester.

24. Passing- There shall be 40% passing in end semester exam (ESE) and (75) marks and 40% in continuous assessment (25 marks) distinctively/separately

Select Bibliography:

G. Austin, History of Democratic Constitution: The Indian Experience (2000) Oxford.

D.D. Basu, Shorter Constitution of India, (1996), Prentice Hall of India, Delhi.

H.M. Seervai, Constitution of India, Vol. 1 - 3 (1992), Tripathi, Bombay.

M.P. Singh (ed.), V.N. Shukla, Constitutional Law of India (2000) Oxford.

G. Austin, Indian Constitution: Cornerstone of A. Nation (1972).

M. Galanter, Competing Equalities - Law and the Backward Classes in India (1984) Oxford.

B. Sivaramayya, Inequalities and the Law (1984) Eastern, Lucknow.

S.C. Kashyap, Human Rights and Parliament (1978) Metropolitan, New Delhi.

[All books latest editions have to be followed.]

Class: LL.B. I/BA.LL.B. III

Semester: II

Academic Year: 2022-2023

Paper no:- 8

**Revised Syllabus of LL.B. I & BA.LL.B. III (Second Semester) w.e.f.-2022-23
Insurance Law**

This paper with the above-mentioned perspectives in view comprises 84 units

Objectives of the Course:

To acquaint students with the concept, nature, importance, and history of insurance;

To acquaint students with general principles of insurance contracts, kinds of insurance;

To provide an analytical understanding of the legal regime relating to insurance.

Module/Topic	No. of Hours/ Period
1. Introduction 1. Definition, Nature of Insurance contract, various kinds of insurance, proposal, policy, parties, consideration 2. The Risk- commencement, attachment, and duration. 3. Assignment and alternation 4. Insurance policy, the law of contract, and law of tort-future of insurance – need importance and place of insurance	10 Unit
2. Indian Insurance Law: General 1. History and development of Insurance 2. The Insurance Act 1938 3. Constitutional perspectives the Entries 24,25,29,30,47 of Union list, 23,24 of Concurrent list 4. The Insurance Regulatory and Development Authority Act ,1999	10 Unit
3. General Principles of Law of Insurance- 1. Insurable interest 2. Utmost good faith 3. Indemnity 4. Contribution 5. Subrogation 6. Proximate cause 7. Warranties and conditions 8. Loss minimization	12 Unit

<p>4. Life Insurance</p> <p>1. Nature and scope. 2. Event insured contract 3. Circumstances affecting the risk.4. Amounts recoverable under life policy. 5. Persons entitled to payment. 6. Settlement of claim and payment of money.</p>	13 Unit
<p>5. Marine Insurance</p> <p>1. Nature and Scope 2. Classification of marine policies 3. The Marine Insurance Act, 1963 4. Marine Insurance policy- condition-express warranties construction policy. 5. Voyage-deviation. 6. Perils of the sea 7. Assignment of policy. 8. Partial laws of the ship and of fright, salvage, general average, particular. 9. Return of premium</p>	13 Unit
<p>6. Fire Insurance</p> <p>1. Meaning of Fire, Nature, and Scope of Fire Insurance contract, 2. Essentials of a fire insurance contract, 3. Kinds of fire policies, 4. Settlement of fire insurance claim</p>	10 Units
<p>7. Insurance Against Accidents</p> <p>1. The Personal Injuries (Compensation Insurance) Act 1963. 2. Compensation payable under the Act. 3. Compensation insurance scheme under the Act- compulsory insurance.</p>	08Unit
<p>8. Miscellaneous Insurance Schemes – New Dimensions – 1. Group life insurance 2. Med claim, sickness insurance 3. Group health insurance 4. Double Insurance and Re-insurance.</p>	08 Unit

Note: Out of 84 units, 63 shall be for teaching and 21 for continuous assessment

COURSE OUTCOMES

CO1: Experiential knowledge of the practice relating to Insurance.

CO2. Professionals can find lucrative opportunities in all branches of insurance such as life, property, automobile, and medical insurance.

CO3.The rapidly growing turf of insurance is a new opportunity for legal practitioners attracting many reputed firms and independent legal consultants.

Evaluation

29. There shall be a total assessment of 100 marks i.e. End Semester Exam (ESE) 75 Marks and a continuous assessment (CA) of 25.

30. For ESE, there shall be a theory paper of 75 marks containing 8 questions of equal marks - the 8th question shall be for writing short notes any 3 out of 5. The student has to attempt any 5 out of 8 questions.

31. For continuous assessment of 25 marks, two internal exams, one seminar and the overall performance of students shall be considered. Continuous Assessments shall be made throughout the semester.

32. Passing- There shall be 40% passing in end semester exam (ESE) and (75) marks and 40% in continuous assessment (25 marks) distinctively/separately

Bibliography –

John Hanson and Christopals Hencly, All Risk Property Insurance (1999)

Peter Mac Donald Egger and Patric Foss, Good Faith and Insurance Contract

Banerjee, Law of Insurance (1994)

Mitra B.C, Law Relating to Marine Insurance (1997)

JCB Gilaar and Mustill, Arnod on the Law of Marine Insurance (1981)

M.N. Sreeivasan Law and the Life Insurance Contract (1914)

Class: LL. B-I/B.A.LL. B III Semester: II Academic Year: -2022-2023

Paper no:--7

Revised Syllabus of LL.B. I & BSL III (Second Semester) 2022-23
Law of Crimes (IPC)

This paper with the above-mentioned perspectives in view comprises 84 units
Objectives of the Course:

To understand the concept of crime and its essentials;

To acquaint concept of punishments and minimum and maximum punishments;

To acquaint students with different kinds of offences;

To understand the concept of criminal liability

To acquaint students with corruption as offence and legislative provisions

Module/Topic	No. of Period
<p>1. General:</p> <p>The conception of Crime 2. State's power to determine acts or commissions as crimes 3. State's responsibility to detect, control and punish crime, 4. The distinction between crime and other wrongs 5. Pre-colonial notions of crime as reflected in Hindu, Muslim, and Tribal Law 6. The colonial reception - Macauley's Draft based essentially on British notion, 7 IPC a reflection of different social and moral values 8. Applicability of IPC: Territorial, Personal, Salient Features of the IPC.</p> <p>Stages of Crime:</p> <p>1. Guilty intention - Mere intention not punishable 2. Preparation: Preparation is not punishable, exception in respect of certain offences of grave nature or of a peculiar kind such as possession counterfeit coins, false weights and measures. 3. Attempt: Attempt when punishable.</p>	Units 15

<p>2. Elements of Criminal Liability:</p> <p>1. Author of crime-natural person and a fit subject for punishment, companies, and corporations 2. Men's rea - evil intention 3. Importance of Mens Rea 4. Recent Trends to fix liability without mens rea in certain Socio-Economic Offences, 5. An act in furtherance of guilty intent 5. An omission is specifically included in code 7. Injury to another.</p>	<p>Units 5</p>
<p>3. Group liability:</p> <p>1. Stringent provision in case of a combination of persons attempting to disturb peace 2. Common intention 3. Abetment: Instigation, aiding and conspiracy, Mere act of abetment punishable, 4. Unlawful Assembly 5. Criminal conspiracy 6. Rotting as a specific offence.</p>	<p>Units 6</p>
<p>4. Factors Negating Guilty Intention:</p> <p>1. Mental incapacity: Minority, Insanity impairment of cognitive facilities, emotional imbalance, Medical and legal insanity, 2. Intoxication - involuntary 3. Private Defense - Justification and limits, When private defense extends to Pausing of death of protect body and property, 4. Necessity, 5. Mistake of fact.</p>	<p>Units 10</p>
<p>5. Types of punishment:</p> <p>1. Death: Social relevance of capital punishment, Alternatives to capital punishment, 2. Imprisonment - for life, with hard labour, simple imprisonment 3. Forfeiture of property 4. Fine 5. Discretion in awarding punishment: Minimum punishment in respect of certain offences.</p>	<p>Units 8</p>
<p>6. Specific Offences Against Human Body:</p> <p>1. Causing the death of human beings: Culpable homicide, Murder 2. The distinction between culpable homicide and murder, Specific mental element requirement in respect of murder. 3. Situation justifying treating murder as culpable homicide not amounting to murder, Grave and sudden provocation, Exceeding right to private defense, public servant exceeding legitimate use of force, death in the sudden fight, Death caused by consent of the deceased - Euthanasia, Death caused of a person other than the person intended, Miscarriage with or without consent 4. Rash and negligent act causing death 5. Hurt-grievous and simple 6. Assault and criminal force 7. Wrongful restrain and wrongful confinements - kidnapping from lawful guardianship and from outside India. 8. Abduction.</p>	<p>Units 10</p>

<p>7. Offences Against Women:</p> <p>1. Insulting the modesty of a women 2. Assault or criminal force with intent to outrage the modesty of women. 3. Causing miscarriage without woman's consent: Causing death by causing miscarriage with woman's consent 4. Kidnapping or abducting women to compel her to marry or force her to illicit intercourse 5. Buying a minor for purposes of prostitution 6. Rape: Custodial rape, Marital rape 7. Cruelty by husband or relatives of the husband 8. Common law remedies to protect against obscene/indecent depiction of women.</p>	<p>Units 10</p>
<p>8. Offences Against Property:</p> <p>1. Theft 2. Cheating 3. Extortion 4. Robbery and Dacoity 5. Mischief 6. Criminal misrepresentation and criminal Breach of Trust.</p>	<p>Units 10</p>
<p>9. Offences by or relating to public servants:</p> <p>The Prevention of Corruption Act, 1988</p>	<p>Units 5</p>
<p>10. Concept & nature of Cyber Crime</p>	<p>Units 5</p>

Note: Out of 84 units, 63 shall be for teaching and 21 for continuous assessment
Course Outcome: At the end of the course, a student will be able to understand:

CO1: To illustrate how society views crime against women, the human body, and property.

CO2: Demonstrate an in-depth understanding of the aspects of criminal justice, or law and its relationship to larger social issues

CO3: Identify, explain and apply the principles of criminal law covered in the course

CO4: Understand various offences, their essentials & punishments

Evaluation

25. There shall be a total assessment of 100 marks i.e. End Semester Exam (ESE) 75 Marks and a continuous assessment (CA) of 25.

26. For ESE, there shall be a theory paper of 75 marks containing 8 questions of equal marks - the 8th question shall be for writing short notes any 3 out of 5. The student has to attempt any 5 out of 8 questions.

27. For continuous assessment of 25 marks, two internal exams, one seminar and the overall performance of students shall be considered. Continuous Assessments shall be made throughout the semester.

28. Passing- There shall be 40% passing in end semester exam (ESE) and (75) marks and 40% in continuous assessment (25 marks) distinctively/separately

Select Bibliography:

K.D. Gaur, Criminal Law: Cases Materials (1999), Butterworths, India.

Ratanlal - Dhirajlal's Indian Penal Code (1994 reprint)

K.D. Gaur, A Text Book on the Indian Penal Code (1998), Universal, Delhi

P.S. Achuthan Pillai, Criminal Law (1995) Eastern, Lucknow.

Hidayathullah, M. *et al.*, Ratanlal and Dhirajlals The Indian Penal Code (1994 reprint), Wadhawa and Co., Nagpur.

B.M. Gandhi, Indian Penal Code (1996), Eastern, Nagpur.

Paper no: 5

Revised Syllabus of LL. B I & BSL III (Second Semester) 2022-23

Paper-I Labour Laws-I

This paper with the above-mentioned perspectives in view comprises 84 units.

Objectives of the Course:

To acquaint students with problems of labour and solutions thereto;

To acquaint students with industrial relations and factors affecting it;

To understand students about the role of government in solving problems of labour;

To acquaint student without employer's liability for compensation.

Module/Topic	No. of Period
1. Historical Perspectives on Labour: 1. Labour through the ages - slave labour- guild system-division on case basis- labour during feudal days. 2. Colonial labour law and policy 3. Labour - capital conflicts: exploitation of labour, profit motive, poor bargaining power, poor working conditions, unorganized labour, surplus labour, division of labour and super-specialisation, lack of alternative employment. 4. International Labour Standards and their Implementation. 5. From Laissez faire to Welfare State: Transition from exploitation to protection and from contract to status.	17 Unit
2. Collective Bargaining: 1. Concept of collective bargaining. 2. International norms - conditions precedent - merits and demerits. 3. Bargaining Process, Negotiation, Pressurization: Strike and lockout, go-slow, work to rule gherao, 4. Structure of bargaining: plant, industry, and, national levels, 5. Duration and enforcement of bipartite agreement. 6. Reforms in Law	15 Unit

<p>3. Discipline in Industry: Restraints on Managerial Prerogatives: 1. Doctrine of hire and fire- history of management's prerogative 2. Fairness in disciplinary process: Punishment for misconduct - meaning of misconduct, the right to know: the charge sheet, the right to defend: domestic inquiry, notice, evidence, cross-examination, representation, unbiased inquiry officer, and reasoned decision.</p>	<p>15 Unit</p>
<p>4. State Regulation of Industrial Relations: 1. Theoretical foundations: social justice, labour welfare, public interest, productivity, industrial peace and development, price control, 2. Assistance to bipartite settlement: conciliation, voluntary arbitration, formulation of standing orders, State prescription of machinery: reference for adjudication (the political overtones), the adjudicator mechanisms (how do they differ from courts?). Award and its binding nature, judicial review of awards, State prescription of standards in lay off, strike, lockout, retrenchment, closure, and transfer of undertakings in lay off, strike, lockout, retrenchment, closure, industrial dispute, workmen, 4. Unfair labour practices.</p>	<p>17 Unit</p>
<p>5. Health and safety: 1. Obligations for health and safety of workmen-Legislative control: Factory, mines, and plantations. 2. Liability for hazardous and inherently dangerous industries- environmental protection.</p>	<p>15 Unit</p>
<p>6. The Employees Compensation Act, 2010</p> <p>Interpretation clause, Employers liability, Factors for determination of compensation, Machinery, and Procedure</p>	<p>05 Units</p>

Note: Out of 84 units, 63 shall be for teaching and 21 for continuous assessment

Course Outcome: At the end of the course, a student will be able to understand

CO1. Development of industrial jurisprudence and the judicial setup of Labour legislations.

CO2. The features of industrial disputes and trade union's powers and functions also to integrate the knowledge of Labour Law in General HRD Practice.

CO3. The laws relating to Industrial Relations, working conditions and also learns the enquiry procedural and industrial discipline.

CO4: Understand the concept of wages, minimum wages, payment of wages, gratuity, bonus, and various beneficial legislations

CO5: Employee's compensation laws, responsibilities of employer

CO5: Under stand the and importance and need of collective bargaining

Evaluation

17. There shall be a total assessment of 100 marks i.e. End Semester Exam (ESE) 75 Marks and a continuous assessment (CA) of 25.

18. For ESE, there shall be a theory paper of 75 marks containing 8 questions of equal marks - the 8th question shall be for writing short notes any 3 out of 5. The student has to attempt any 5 out of 8 questions.

19. For continuous assessment of 25 marks, two internal exams, one seminar and the overall performance of students shall be considered. Continuous Assessments shall be made throughout the semester.

20. Passing- There shall be 40% passing in end semester exam (ESE) and (75) marks and 40% in continuous assessment (25 marks) distinctively/separately

Select Bibliography:

John Bowers and Simon Honeyball, Text Book on Labour Law (1996). Blackstone, London.

Srivastava K. D., Commentaries on Payment of Wages Act 1936 (1998), Eastern, Lucknow.

Rao S.B., Law and Practice on Minimum Wages (1999), Law Publishing House, Allahabad.

Srivastava K.D., Disciplinary Action against Industrial Employees and its Remedies (1990), Eastern, Lucknow. Srivastava, K.D., Commentaries of Factories Act 1948 (2000), Eastern, Lucknow. R.C. Saxena, Labour Problems and Social Welfare Chapters 1, 5 and 6 (1974).

V.V. Giri, Labour Problems in Indian Industry Ch. 1 and 15 (1972).

Indian Law Institute, Labour Law and Labour Relations (1987).

(1982) Cochin University Law Review, Vol.6 pp. 153-210.

Report of the National Commission on Labour. Ch. 14-17, 22,23 and 24.

O.P. Malhotra, The Law of Industrial Disputes (1998), Universal, Delhi.

Labour Laws by S. N. Misra

Paper no: - 9

 Revised Syllabus of LL.B. I & BA.LL.B. III w.e.f.-2022-23

**Sub: PROFESSIONAL ETHICS, ACCOUNTANCY FOR LAWYERS AND
BAR-BENCH RELATION Paper – IX (CBCS Pattern)**

This practical component shall consist of two parts i.e. Part (A) Record Book writing and practical exercises (75 Marks), and Part (B) Viva-voce (25 Marks). Each candidate shall submit a duly verified practical record as per the prescribed syllabus to be completed Viva voce for 25 marks shall be conducted by the External Examiner nominated by the University as per the University Examination timetable.

Sr. No	Content	Units	
Part A (1)	<p style="text-align: center;">Professional Ethics-</p> <p>a. Meaning, the need for professional ethics, the importance of the legal profession, historical evolution in India</p> <p>b. Enrolment of Advocates under The Advocates Act 1961, qualification, disqualification, rights and privileges, and duties of Advocates.</p>	30	
Part A (2)	<p style="text-align: center;">Accountancy for Lawyers</p> <p>a. Meaning, kinds, the necessity of accountancy for lawyers, valuation of suits, court fees, Advocate fee, Advocate Welfare Fund fees, professional tax, service tax, etc.</p> <p>b. Visits to the chamber of Advocate.</p>	15	
Part A (3)	<p style="text-align: center;">Bar Bench Relations-</p> <p>a. Meaning and respective obligation of bar and bench, professional misconduct by lawyers, its kinds, contempt of court, its kinds,</p>	30	

	b. 10 Selected opinions of Disciplinary Committee of Bar Council c. 10 Major Judgment of Supreme Court on contempt of court d. Visits to the Bar and Court Room		
Part B	Viva-Voce- It shall be conducted at the end of the academic year on the whole syllabus	25	
	Part A (75marks) +Part B (25 marks) = 100 marks		

Suggested readings-

1. Dr. S.R. Myneni, Professional Ethics, Accountancy for lawyers and Bench Bar Relation, Asia law House, Hyderabad.
2. G.L.Anand, General Principles of Legal Ethics, Law Book Co. Allahabad
3. Dr.S.K. Awashthi, Law and Conduct of Legal Profession, CTJ publication, Pune
4. Dr. S.P. Gupta, Professional Ethics, Accountancy for Lawyers and Bench Bar Relation, Central Law Agency, Allahabad
5. Dr. Kailash Rai, Legal Ethics, Accountancy for Lawyers and Bench Bar Relations, Central Law Publication, Allahabad
6. P. Ramantha Aiyer, Legal and Professional Ethics, Wadhwa Nagpur
7. Bhalla's Advocates Act and Professional Ethics, Nasik Law House, Aurangabad
8. J.P.S. Sirohi, Professional Ethics, Accountancy for Lawyers and Bench Bar Relation, Allahabad Law Agency
9. Advocates Act 1961
10. Contempt of Court Act 1971
11. The Bar Council of India Rules